

The Anxiety Compass: Coping Across Four Dimensions

Opening Exercise: Anxiety Response Style Quiz

<u>Instructions</u>: For each question, rate how much you agree with the statement on a scale from 1 to 5, with 1 being strongly disagree and 5 being strongly agree.

Scale 1-5: 1 (Strongly Disagree) ----- 5 (Strongly Agree)

Mental: Coping with anxiety using thought-based techniques

- When faced with anxiety, I find it helpful to challenge negative thoughts and replace them with more realistic ones.
- I tend to pause and systematically break down situations in my head in an effort to understand them better when I feel anxious.
- I often use positive self-talk or affirmations to calm myself down when I'm anxious.

Emotional: Skills for coping with anxiety based on managing feelings and emotions

- When I'm anxious, I find it helpful to express my emotions through journaling, art, or music or another positive medium.
- I reach out to supportive friends or family members to talk about my feelings when I'm anxious.
- When I am anxious, I practice getting honest with myself about my real feelings even at first, I feel awkward, ashamed, or embarrassed of them.

Physical: Coping skills based on physical movement, exercise, etc.

- Engaging in physical exercise like walking, running, hiking, working out, etc. helps me reduce my anxiety.
- I notice that my anxiety decreases when I get up and get involved in activities that require physical movement.
- I practice relaxation techniques such as deep breathing, progressive muscle relaxation, or stretching to soothe my anxiety.

Existential: Coping skills based on spiritual or mindfully aware practices

- Practicing mindfulness or calm introspection helps me stay grounded during anxious moments.
- I find solace in connecting with nature or spending time outdoors when I'm feeling anxious.
- Engaging in spiritual practices such as prayer, meditation, searching for meaning, or attending religious services helps me cope with anxiety.



Scoring and Interpretation:

- Add up your scores for each section (Mental, Emotional, Physical, Existential).
- The section(s) with the highest score(s) indicates your primary anxiety response style. You may have more than one.
 - > Discuss Based on your scores: Which areas stood out the most to you?

Anxiety Coping Skills Review

The following is a list of anxiety coping skills in each area. Consider skills that work for you as well as new skills that you would like to try using more.

Mental Coping Skills:

Cognitive Restructuring:

- Identify and challenge negative thought patterns.
- Replace irrational thoughts with more realistic and positive ones.
- Use affirmations and positive self-talk to reframe situations.

Problem-Solving Strategies:

- Break down overwhelming problems into smaller, manageable tasks.
- Develop goals and action plans to address specific concerns or stressors.
- Seek support from trusted individuals or professionals when needed.

Acceptance: Acknowledge and accept anxious thoughts and feelings without trying to control or suppress them, reducing the struggle against anxiety.

Positive Self-Talk: Replace negative thoughts with positive reassurances, challenging anxious beliefs and promoting self-compassion.

Affirmations: Create and repeat encouraging and inspiring statements about yourself and your abilities, reinforcing self-confidence.

Visualization: Imagine yourself in a peaceful and calming place, engaging your senses to create a relaxing mental imagery.

Setting Boundaries: Establish clear boundaries in relationships and commitments to reduce stressors and create a sense of control over your environment.

Thought Records: Use worksheets to identify and challenge anxious thoughts, examining evidence and alternative perspectives to reduce distress.

Other? - Can the group think of any other thought-based or mental coping strategies for anxiety?

"You are the master of your thoughts and the architect of your reality." - Unknown



Emotional Coping Skills:

Expressive Arts Therapy:

- Engage in creative activities such as painting, drawing, sculpting, or graphic design to express emotions.
- Use creative music, poetry, or writing as outlets for emotional expression and processing.
- Explore different art modalities to find what resonates best with you.

Social Support:

- Reach out to friends, family members, or support groups for emotional support.
- Share your feelings and experiences with trusted individuals who can provide empathy and understanding.
- Join online communities or peer support groups to connect with others facing similar challenges.

Journaling:

- Write down your thoughts, feelings, and concerns to gain clarity and perspective.
- Use journal prompts to explore emotions and identify triggers for anxiety.
- Reflect on positive experiences and achievements to boost self-esteem.

Emotion Regulation Strategies:

- Identify and label your emotions to better understand and manage them.
- Develop coping mechanisms for dealing with intense emotions, such as distraction techniques or grounding
- Learn to tolerate distress by practicing open minded self-awareness in the face of challenging emotions.

Pet Therapy: Spend time with animals, such as therapy dogs or cats, to experience the calming and soothing effects of companionship and unconditional love.

Laughter Therapy: Watch funny movies or stand-up comedy, engage in playful activities, or spend time with humorous friends to lighten mood and reduce anxiety.

Music Therapy: Listen to calming music or nature sounds to regulate emotions, induce relaxation, and distract from anxious thoughts.

Grounding Techniques: Use your senses to connect with the present moment, such as focusing on objects around you or feeling the texture of surfaces.

Other? - Can the group think of any other emotionally based strategies for anxiety?

"Life isn't about waiting for the storm to pass, it's about learning how to dance in the rain."
Vivian Greene



Physical Coping Skills:

Regular Exercise Routine:

- Incorporate aerobic exercises, strength training, or flexibility exercises into your weekly schedule.
- Choose activities that you enjoy and can sustain over time, such as walking, cycling, or dancing.
- Set realistic goals and track your progress to stay motivated and committed to your exercise routine.

Healthy Lifestyle Habits:

- Prioritize quality sleep by establishing a consistent bedtime routine in a restful environment.
- Maintain a balanced diet rich in fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and lean proteins.
- Limit caffeine and alcohol intake, as they can exacerbate anxiety and disrupt sleep patterns.

Relaxation and Stress Reduction Techniques:

- Practice relaxation techniques such as deep breathing, stretching, or progressive muscle relaxation
- Engage in activities that promote relaxation, such as taking a warm bath or listening to calming music
- Schedule regular breaks throughout the day to rest and recharge, especially during periods of high stress.

Sensory Strategies: Use sensory tools such as stress balls and fidget spinners to soothe anxiety.

Grounding Objects: Carry a small object in your pocket or purse that you can touch or hold onto during moments of anxiety, providing a sense of comfort and grounding.

Hobbies and Interests: Participate in enjoyable activities that distract from anxious thoughts and promote a sense of fulfillment and relaxation.

Aromatherapy: Use essential oils or scented candles with calming scents such as lavender or chamomile to promote relaxation and reduce stress.

Hot/Cold Therapy: Alternate between hot and cold sensations, such as a warm shower followed by a cool splash, to stimulate circulation, relax muscles, and soothe anxiety.

Other? – Can the group think of any other strategies for anxiety that require physical sensations or movement?

"It's not about perfect. It's about effort. And when you bring that effort every single day, that's where transformation happens. That's how change occurs." - Jillian Michaels



Existential Coping Skills:

Mindfulness Practices:

- Cultivate mindfulness by being present in the moment, observing thoughts and feelings without judgment.
- Incorporate gratitude practices to foster a sense of connection and appreciation for life.

Connecting with Nature:

- Spend time outdoors in natural settings such as parks, forests, or beaches.
- Engage in activities like hiking, gardening, or birdwatching to connect with the beauty of the natural world.
- Practice mindfulness while in nature, noticing sights, sounds, and sensations with curiosity and openness.

Spiritual Interests:

- Engage in personal prayer, meditation, or spiritual practices that align with your beliefs and values.
- Participate in spiritual communities or activities that provide support and a sense of belonging.

Self-Reflection and Meaning-Making:

- Reflect on life's purpose, values, and goals to gain a wider perspective and improved sense of direction.
- Explore existential questions about meaning, purpose, and spirituality through research or dialogue.
- Find meaning in challenges and adversity by viewing them as opportunities for spiritual growth.

Volunteering: Engage in acts of kindness and altruism by volunteering for causes that are meaningful to you, fostering a sense of purpose and connection.

Other? - Can the group think of any other existential strategies for anxiety?

"We must accept finite disappointment, but never lose infinite hope." - Martin Luther King Jr.

